ECO 391	
Last Name:	
First Name:	
Activity #7 (ungraded)	
Chapter 17.1	

Use data set Chapter 17 Industry.

The issues regarding executive compensation have received extensive media attention (*The New York Times*, February 9, 2009). Consider a regression model that links CEO compensation (in \$ millions) with the total assets of the firm (in \$ millions) and the type of industry each firm belongs to. Dummy variables are used to represent four industries: Manufacturing Technology d₁, Manufacturing Other d₂, Financial Services d₃, and Nonfinancial Services d₄. The data for 455 highest-paid CEOs in 2006 has been uploaded to Canvas.

a) Estimate the model:

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 d_1 + \beta_3 d_2 + \beta_4 d_3 + \beta_5 d_4 + \varepsilon.$$

where y and x denote compensation and assets, respectively. What happened when you estimated the above model?

- b) What is this situation referred to as?
- c) What common violation is this situation related to?
- d) Now estimate the model:

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 d_1 + \beta_3 d_2 + \beta_4 d_3 + \varepsilon.$$

where y and x denote compensation and assets, respectively. Here the reference category is the nonfinancial services industry.

Interpret the estimated coefficients.

e)	Use a 5% level of significance to determine which industries, relative to the nonfinancial services industry, have different executive compensation.
f)	Reformulate the model to determine, at the 5% significance level, if compensation is higher in Manufacturing Other than in Manufacturing Technology. Your model must account for total assets and all industry types.